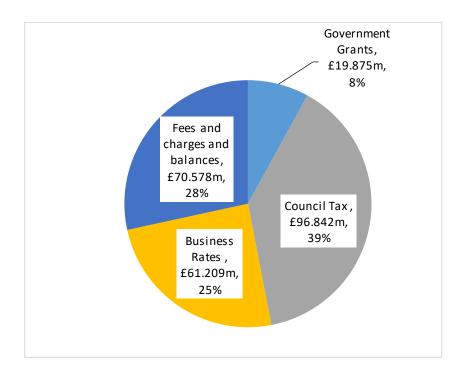




Council Budgets & Your Council Tax 2022-23

Bury Council's income for 2022-23

Our income for 2022-23 is **£248.504 million** and our revenue funding comes from



We also receive a
Dedicated Schools
Grant of
£202.629 million
which funds our
Schools Planned
Expenditure

How the budget compares with last year

Bury's net budget requirement has increased by £5.632m from £171.851m to £177.483m and this is funded by increased resources.

| | £m |
|---|----------|
| Previously agreed changes | 1.742 |
| Pay Award | 4.407 |
| Inflation | 9.343 |
| Demand | 4.843 |
| Reprofiled Savings | 2.873 |
| Budget realignment | (0.188) |
| Reversal of Income losses | (4.088) |
| Labour amendments to Feb 22 budget net increase | 0.875 |
| Planned Use of Reserves per February 21 report | (14.355) |

| Contribution to reserves for 22/23 per February 21 amendment | 1.129 |
|--|---------|
| Contribution to Social Care Grant Reserve | 0.683 |
| Contribution to Smoothing Reserve | 2.996 |
| Contribution to Business Rates Risk Reserve | 1.388 |
| Planned Use of Central Reserves to fund labour amendments to budgets | (0.875) |
| Savings | (5.142) |
| TOTAL NET INCREASE | 5.632 |

Bury Council's spending for 2022-23

Your council tax helps to fund local services, with an element going towards funding the police and fire services along with other mayoral responsibilities. The Mayor of Greater Manchester is responsible for setting these charges. This is explained in detail at https://www.greatermanchester-ca.gov.uk/who-we-are/accounts-transparency-and-governance/council-tax/

How we spend your money:-

| Expenditure | 2021-22 Net Budget (£m) | 2022-23 Net Budget (£m) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Adult Care Services | 72.110 | 68.568 |
| Children's Services | 45.960 | 41.432 |
| Waste collection/disposal/recycling | 20.233 | 30.788 |
| Transport charge | 13.650 | 13.650 |
| Culture & Leisure (inc. Parks) | 3.540 | 3.193 |
| Public Health | 10.395 | 10.957 |
| Highways | 4.887 | 4.887 |
| Borrowing to support Capital works | 8.078 | 10.168 |
| Other Services (inc. technical adjustments) | 5.955 | 2.874 |
| Planned Use of Reserves | (12.958) | (9.034) |
| | 178.854 | 177.483 |
| Income | | |
| Business Rates Retained inc. Top Up Other Grants | (59.204) (21.586) | (61.209) (19.432) |
| Council Tax Requirement | 98.064 | 96.842 |

How we work out your bill

The amount you have to pay depends on which of the eight Council Tax bands your home is in. A Government body called the Valuation Office Agency decides which band you property is in. Your bill tells you which band you are in.

You may have to pay the full amount, or you may be able to get money off (for example if you live on your own, people in your household qualify for a discount or exemption, or you are on a low income and qualify for Council Tax Support)

| Band | 2022/23* | Value at 1 April 1991 |
|------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Α | £1,381.76 | Up to £40,000 |
| В | £1,612.06 | £40,001 - £52,000 |
| С | £1,842.35 | £52,001 - £68,000 |
| D | £2,072.66 | £68,001 - £88,000 |
| Е | £2,533.24 | £88,001 - £120,000 |
| F | £2,993.82 | £120,001 - £160,000 |
| G | £3,454.42 | £160,001 - £320,000 |
| Н | £4,145.31 | £320,001 and over |

^{*} This includes the Mayoral Police and Crime Commissioner Precept and the Mayoral General Precept (including Fire Services)

Example of the breakdown for Council Tax band D

| | % change | 2022-23 |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Council | 1.94 | £1,533.71 |
| Adult Social Care | 1.00 | £205.70 |
| Mayoral Police & Crime | | |
| Commissioner Precept | 4.58 | £228.30 |
| Mayoral General Precept (including | | |
| Fire Services) | 13.19 | £102.95 |
| Total | | £2,072.66 |

Statement concerning adult social care funding.

The Secretary of State made an offer to adult social care authorities. ("Adult social care authorities" are local authorities which have functions under Part 1 of the Care Act 2014, namely county councils in England, district councils for an area in England for which there is no county council, London borough councils, the Common Council of the City of London and the Council of the Isles of Scilly.)

The offer was the option of an adult social care authority being able to charge an additional "precept" on its council tax without holding a referendum, to assist the authority in meeting its expenditure on adult social care from the financial year 2016-17. It was originally made in respect of the financial years up to and including 2019-20. If the Secretary of State chooses to renew this offer in respect of a particular financial year, this is subject to the approval of the House of Commons.

This offer was extended for the 2022-23 financial year.

Bury Council have included and ASC precept at 1% in 2022/23, in addition to the 1.94% increase in the basic rate of Council Tax.

The Adult Social Care Precept is calculated in the same way as an increase on general council tax i.e. the percentage increase multiplied by the total council tax amount for the previous year.

Discounts

The full Council Tax bill assumes that two or more adults are living in a property. If only one adult lives there we will reduce your bill by 25%.

We will not count the following people when we count the number of adults living in a property:

- full-time students and some student nurses
- apprentices and youth trainees
- patients who live in hospital
- people who are being looked after in care homes
- people who are severely mentally impaired
- people staying in hostels for the homeless or night shelters
- 18 and 19 year-olds who are in full time education
- care workers on low pay
- people caring for someone with a disability who is not their partner, or a child under 18
- member of visiting forces
- members of religious communities (including monks and nuns)
- people in prison (except for those in prison for not paying their Council Tax or a fine)

Exemptions

Occupied properties are exempt if they are:

- annexes occupied by an elderly or disabled relative
- armed forces accommodation such as barracks
- halls of residence
- visiting forces accommodation

Some properties are exempt because all the people living there are:

- students or school leavers
- people aged under 18
- severely mentally impaired
- diplomats

For more information about discounts and exemptions, please visit www.bury.gov.uk/helpwithcounciltax

If your bill shows that you have a discount or an exemption, you need to tell us if something changes which affects this. If you do not tell us within 21 days, you may have to pay a penalty of £70.

Care leaver discount

If you have been in care then you may be entitled to a 100% discount on your Council Tax until you are 25.

Special Constables discount

If you are a Special Constable living in the borough you may be entitled to a 50% discount on your Council Tax

Reductions for disabled people

You may also be eligible for a reduced bill if you, or someone who lives with you, is disabled and needs any of the following:

- a room of their own
- an extra bathroom or kitchen
- extra space in your property

Council Tax Support

We have a scheme to help towards your Council Tax if you have a low

Find out more about Council Tax Support at www.bury.gov.uk/counciltaxsupport

income. You can claim whether you own your home or rent, or whether you're working or unemployed.

Appeals

If you disagree with the band your property has been placed in you have six months to appeal from when:

- you become a new taxpayer at the property
- the Listing Officer or the court changes the band of your property

If more than 6 months have passed you can only appeal against your banding if:

- your property is demolished
- your house is changed into flats
- there are changes to your local area which would affect the value of your property

Appeals should be made to the Valuation Office Agency, who can be contacted at www.gov.uk/contact-voa or phone 03000 501 501

You can also appeal if you think that you should not be responsible for paying Council Tax. This could be because do not live at the address, you believe your property should be exempt, or you think we have made a mistake on your bill.

You must pay your Council Tax while your appeal is being looked at. If your appeal is successful, we will pay back any overpayments.

If you want to appeal because you think you should not responsible for paying the Council Tax please either email counciltax@bury.gov.uk, or write to Council Tax, Bury Town Hall, Knowsley Street, Bury, BL9 0SW.